





ETA-10/0404

of 30/04/2015

European Technical Assessment

General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA

Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering (OIB)

Trade name of the construction product

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Fire Stopping and Fire Sealing Products: Penetration Seals

Manufacturer

Hilti AG Feldkircherstrasse 100 9494 Schaan Liechtenstein

Manufacturing plant

Hilti Plant 5a Hilti Plant 5b

This European Technical Assessment contains

41 pages including Annexes 1 to 4 which form an integral part of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

Guideline for European technical approval for "Fire Stopping and Fire Sealing Products", ETAG 026 Part 2: "Penetration Seals", edition August 2011, used as European Assessment Document (EAD)

This European Technical Assessment replaces

European technical approval ETA-10/0404 with validity from 31.01.2013 to 30.01.2018

Page 2 of European Technical Assessment no. ETA-10/0404 of 30.04.2015, replaces European technical approval ETA-10/0404 with validity from 31.01.2013 to 30.01.2018



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Specific part

1 Technical description of the product

1.1 Definition of the construction product

This European Technical Assessment refers to the Hilti Firestop Collar for use in Penetration Seals with the designation Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P.

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P is a pipe closure device installed around plastic pipes to form a penetration seal to reinstate the fire resistance performance of wall and floor constructions, where they have been provided with apertures for the penetration of services.

Ancillary products referred to in this European Technical Assessment within the framework of evaluating resistance to fire (see Annexes 1 and 2) are not covered by this ETA and cannot be CE-marked on the basis of it.

Type of penetration seal system: Pipe closure device – collar (see ETAG 026-2, clause 1.1, table 1-1). Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P consists of a steel housing, an intumescent inlay and fastening hooks.

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P is supplied in several sizes – see table below. The collar is installed underneath floors or on both sides of a wall and fixed by hooks and metal anchors.

Collar size	For pipes with nominal outside diameters (mm)	Recommended opening size (mm)	Required number of fastening hooks
CFS-C P 50/1.5"	50	- 62	2
CFS-C P 63/2"	63	77	2
CFS-C P 75/2.5"	75	82	3
CFS-C P 90/3"	90	112	3
CFS-C P 110/4"	110	122	4
CFS-C P 125/5"	125	142	4
CFS-C P 160/6"	160	182	6
CFS-C P 180/7"	180	210	8
CFS-C P 200/8"	200	230	8
CFS-C P 225/9"	227	260	10
CFS-C P 250/10"	250	280	12

For the purpose of smoke and draft stop, air or water tightness and airborne sound insulation, the gap between opening edge and pipe or collar has to be sealed off by gypsum plaster, cementitious mortar or a construction sealant, the latter optionally in combination with mineral wool as backfilling material, considering the detailed prescriptions given in Annexes 1 and 2.

In case sound decoupling between the pipe and the wall/floor is required, but sound decoupling means around the pipe are missing it is recommended to use Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (ETA-10/0292) as annular gap seal. If gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar is intended to be used it is recommended to install a PE foam strip around the pipe over the entire wall or floor thickness for sound decoupling of the pipe. For details see Annexes 1 and 2.

In case air permeability data according to 3.3.1 or airborne sound insulation data according to 3.5.2 are intended to be used, Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR must be used to seal off the annular gap between pipe and opening edge.

For a description of the installation procedure see Annex 2 and Annex 3.



2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

2.1 Intended use

The Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P is intended to form a part of a penetration seal, which is used to maintain the fire resistance of a separating element (flexible wall, rigid wall or rigid floor) when and where services pass through.

Annex 2 gives details of penetration seals for which fire resistance tests were carried out. This ETA covers assemblies installed in accordance with the provisions given in Annex 2.

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P may be used to provide a penetration seal with plastic and composite pipes as single penetrations. For details on diameters, wall thicknesses, pipe materials and pipe standards see Annex 2.

Pipes shall be perpendicular to the seal surface. The pipe penetration seal is intended for plastic pipes in piping systems for non-combustible liquids and fluids, for pneumatic dispatch systems and for pipes in centralised vacuum-cleaning systems.

The assessment does not cover the avoidance of destruction of the seal or of the abutting building element(s) by forces caused by temperature changes in case of fire. This has to be considered when designing the piping system.

The Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P is intended for environmental conditions as defined by use category Z_2 , internal conditions with humidity lower than 85% RH excluding temperatures below 0°C, without exposure to rain or UV according to EOTA TR 024.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P of 10 years, provided the conditions laid down in the technical literature of the manufacturer relating to packaging, transport, storage, installation, use and repair are met. The indications given on the intended working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or the Technical Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for selecting the appropriate product in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works. The real working life might be, in normal use conditions, considerably longer without major degradation affecting the Basic requirements for construction works.

2.2 Use category

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P fulfils the requirements of use category Z_2 in accordance with ETAG 026-2, clause 1.2.

Type Z₂: Products intended for uses at internal conditions

2.3 General assumptions

For evaluating resistance to fire of the penetration seal using "Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P" as specified in Annex 2 it is assumed that

- damages to the penetration seal are repaired accordingly,
- the installation of the penetration seal does not affect the stability of the adjacent building elements – even in case of fire,
- the installations are fixed to the adjacent building elements (not to the penetration seal) in accordance with the relevant regulations in such a way that, in case of fire, no additional mechanical load is imposed on the penetration seal,
- the support of the installations is maintained for the classification period required and
- pneumatic dispatch systems, compressed air systems, etc. are switched off by additional means in case of fire.

This European Technical Assessment does not address any risks associated with the emission of dangerous liquids or gases caused by failure of the pipe(s) in case of fire nor does it prove the prevention of the transmission of fire through heat transfer via the medium in the pipes.



This European Technical Assessment does not verify the prevention of destruction of adjacent building elements with fire separating function or of the pipes themselves due to distortion forces caused by extreme temperatures. These risks shall be accounted for by taking appropriate measures when designing or installing the pipe work.

The mounting or hanging of the pipes or the layout of the pipe work shall be implemented in such a way that the pipes and the fire-resistant building elements shall remain functional within a period of time which corresponds to the fire resistance period required.

The risk of downward spread of fire caused by burning material which drips through a pipe to floors below, is not considered in this ETA (see EN 1366-3:2009, section 1).

The durability assessment does not take account of the possible effect on the penetration seal of substances permeating through pipe walls.

2.4 Manufacturing

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P shall be produced in accordance with the manufacturing process deposited with Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. The European Technical Assessment is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the ETA and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the ETA and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the ETA, shall be necessary.

2.5 Installation

The arrangement and installation of Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P shall be done in accordance with the details given in Annex 2 and Annex 3 for the penetration seal(s).

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

Basic requirements for Essential characteristics construction works		Method of verification	Performance		
BWR 1	None	Not relevant			
= /	Reaction to fire	EN 13501-1	See clause 3.2.1		
BWR 2	Resistance to fire	EN 13501-2:2007 +A1:2009	See Annex 2		
	Air permeability (material property)	See clause 3.3.1			
	Water permeability (material property) See clause 3.3.2				
BWR 3	Content and/or release of dangerous substances	European Council Directive 67/548/EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, as well as EOTA TR 034,	Declaration of conformity by the manufacturer		
		edition March 2012	See clause 3.3.3		
	Mechanical resistance and stability	No performance assess	ed		
BWR 4	Resistance to impact / movement	No performance assessed			
	Adhesion	See clause 3.4.3			
BWR 5	Airborne sound insulation	ne sound insulation See clause 3.5.1			
BWR 6	Thermal properties	No performance assessed			
DITTO	Water vapour permeability	No performance assess	ed		
BWR 7	No performance assessed				



3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Not relevant.

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

3.2.1 Reaction to fire

The components of construction product Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P were assessed according to ETAG 026-Part 2 used as EAD clause 2.4.1 and classified according to EN 13501-1.

Component	Class according to EN 13501-1
CFS-C P	Е

The components of construction product Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR were assessed according to ETAG 026-Part 2 used as EAD clause 2.4.1 and classified according to EN 13501-1.

Component	Class according to EN 13501-1	
CFS-S ACR	D-s1, d0	

3.2.2 Resistance to fire

The resistance to fire performance according to EN 13501-2 of penetration seals made of Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P is given in Annex 2.

Information on ancillary products which were tested within the framework of this European Technical Assessment for evaluating resistance to fire is given in Annex 1.

3.3 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

3.3.1 Air permeability

Air tightness for a single penetration of a plastic pipe, fire stopped with Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P can only be achieved when the annular gap is sealed with a sealant, e.g. using Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR.

For Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR the gas permeability regarding the gases air, nitrogen (N_2), carbon dioxide (CO_2) and CH_4 (methane) has been tested according to the principles of EN 1026 for an Acrylic Sealant thickness of 10 mm. The following flow rates per area (q/A) have been achieved for the given air pressure differences (Δp). The flow rate index indicates the type of gas:

Gas permeability of Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR

Δp [Pa]	q/A air [m³/(h·m²)]	q/A N ₂ [m³/(h·m²)]	q/A CO ₂ [m³/(h*m²)]	q/A CH ₄ [m³/(h*m²)]
50	≤ 1,9E-06	≤ 1,1E-06	≤ 6,4E-05	≤ 4,3E-05
250	≤ 9,7E-06	≤ 5,5E-06	≤ 3,2E-04	≤ 2,1E-04

The declared values refer to a body of pure Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR without any penetrating installation.

For annular gaps sealed with cementitious mortar or gypsum plaster no performance has been assessed.



3.3.2 Water permeability

Water tightness for a single penetration of a plastic pipe, fire stopped with Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P can only be achieved when the annular gap is sealed with a sealant, e.g. using Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR.

The water permeability of Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR has been tested according to the principles given in Annex C of ETAG 026-2. The specimen consisted of 2 mm Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (dry film thickness) on mineral wool. Test result: Water tight to 1000 mm head of water or 9806 Pa.

For annular gaps sealed with cementitious mortar or gypsum plaster no performance has been assessed.

3.3.3 Release of dangerous substances

According to the manufacturer's declaration Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P does not contain dangerous substances detailed in Council Directive 67/548/EEC and Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008 as well as EOTA TR 034 (General ER 3 Checklist for ETAGs/CUAPs/ETAs-Content and/or release of dangerous substances in products/kits), edition March 2012 above the acceptable limits.

A written declaration in this respect was submitted by the ETA-holder.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European Technical Assessment, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.4 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

3.4.1 Mechanical resistance and stability

No performance assessed.

3.4.2 Resistance to impact / movement

No performance assessed.

3.4.3 Adhesion

The fixing of the collars (number of hooks, material and dimensions of fasteners) must be done according to the provisions given in Annex 2 and Annex 3.

3.5 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

3.5.1 Airborne sound insulation

Airborne sound insulation for a single penetration of a plastic pipe, fire stopped with Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P can only be achieved when the annular gap is sealed. It has to be noted that the values given in 3.5.2 are only valid if the annular gap is sealed using stone wool as backfilling material (which is not necessary in all cases for fire resistance – see Annex 2).

3.5.2 Annular gap seal with Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR

Test reports from noise reduction according to EN ISO 140-3, EN ISO 20140-10 and EN ISO 717-1 have been provided.

The acoustic tests were performed in a flexible wall and in a rigid wall. Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR was tested as seal around a steel pipe, filled with concrete.



The seal was 50 mm wide (annular gap) and consisted of 160 mm mineral wool, covered by 20 mm Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR on both sides (rigid wall) and 50 mm mineral wool covered by 25 mm Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR on both sides (flexible wall). The area of Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR was 0,0236 m².

The acoustic characteristics of the walls itself have not been measured. According to these tests reports the single number ratings are:

Flexible wall:

Weighted element-normalized level difference: $D_{n,e,w}$ (C,Ctr) = 60 (-4;12) dB From this $D_{n,e,w}$ the weighted sound reduction index calculates to: R_w (C; Ctr) = 53 (-4;-12) dB

Structure of the flexible wall: 2 x 12,5 mm plasterboard on both sides of a 50 mm metal stud frame. The void was filled with a 50 mm mineral wool slab.

Rigid wall:

Weighted element-normalized level difference: $D_{n,e,w}$ (C; Ctr) = 58 (-2;-5) dB From this $D_{n,e,w}$ the weighted sound reduction index calculates to: R_w (C;Ctr) = 51 (-2;-5) dB

Structure of the rigid wall: 200 mm thick concrete wall with a density of 2000 kg/m³ which was plastered on both sides.

It should be noticed that both above mentioned results apply to the total wall construction of the size $S = 1,25 \text{ m} \times 1,50 \text{ m} (= 1,88 \text{ m}^2)$, i.e. the given wall with 0,0236 m² Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR.

 $D_{n,e,w}$: weighted element-normalized level difference of small building elements (given with spectrum adaptation terms C and C_{tr})

Rw: weighted sound reduction index (given with spectrum adaptation terms C and Ctr

3.5.3 Annular gap seal with cementitious mortar

Test reports from noise reduction according to EN ISO 140-3, EN ISO 20140-10 and EN ISO 717-1 have been provided.

The acoustic tests were performed in a rigid wall. Results are also applicable of floors of minimum the same thickness. The cementitious mortar was tested as a $500 \times 600 \times 175$ mm block in a wall of $1,25 \times 1,50$ m. The area of mortar was 0,30 m². The acoustic characteristics of the walls itself have not been measured. According to these tests reports the single number ratings are:

Weighted element-normalized level difference: $D_{n,e,w}$ = 59 (-1;-4) dB From this $D_{n,w}$ the weighted sound reduction index calculates to: R_w = 52 (-1;-5) dB Structure of the rigid wall: 175 mm thick blockwork wall with a density of 2000 kg/m³ which was plastered on both sides.

It should be noticed that both above mentioned results apply to the total wall construction of the size $S = 1,25 \text{ m} \times 1,50 \text{ m} (= 1,88 \text{ m}^2)$, i.e. the given wall with 0,30 m² cementitious mortar. For smaller mortar seals in a wall of the same size the values will be higher.

 $D_{n,e,w}$: weighted element-normalized level difference of small building elements (given with spectrum adaptation terms C and C_{tr})

R_w: weighted sound reduction index (given with spectrum adaptation terms C and C_{tr})

3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

3.6.1 Thermal properties

No performance assessed.

3.6.2 Water vapour permeability

No performance assessed.



3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

No performance assessed.

3.8 General aspects relating to fitness for use

For evaluating resistance to fire of the penetration seal using "Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P" as specified in Annex 3 it is assumed that

- the installation of the penetration seal does not affect the stability of the adjacent building elements – even in case of fire,
- the installations are fixed to the adjacent building elements (not to the seal) in accordance with the relevant regulations in such a way that, in case of fire, no additional mechanical load is imposed on the seal,
- the support of the installations is maintained for the classification period required and
- Pneumatic dispatch systems, compressed air systems, etc. are switched off by additional means in case of fire.

This European Technical Assessment does not address any risks associated with the emission of dangerous liquids or gases caused by failure of the pipe(s) in case of fire nor does it prove the prevention of the transmission of fire through heat transfer via the medium in the pipes.

This European Technical Assessment does not verify the prevention of destruction of adjacent building elements with fire separating function or of the pipes themselves due to distortion forces caused by extreme temperatures. These risks shall be accounted for by taking appropriate measures when designing or installing the pipe work.

The mounting or hanging of the pipes or the layout of the pipe work shall be implemented in such a way that the pipes and the fire-resistant building elements shall remain functional for at least that time corresponding to the target period of fire resistance.

The durability Assessment does not take account of the possible effect on the penetration seal of substances permeating through surface of service materials.

Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

4.1 AVCP system

According to the Decision 1999/454/EC¹, amended by Decision 2001/596/EC² of the European Commission the system(s) of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) is 1.

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

5.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

5.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities no. L 178, 14.7.1999, p. 52

² Official Journal of the European Communities no. L 209, 2.8.2001, p. 33



This production control system shall ensure that the product is in conformity with this European Technical Assessment.

The manufacturer may only use initial / raw / constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the Control Plan relating to the valid European Technical Assessment ETA-10/0404 which is part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment. The "Control Plan" is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at the Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the "Control Plan".

5.1.2 Other tasks of the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall provide a technical data sheet and an installation instruction with the following minimum information (as far as relevant):

Technical data sheet:

- Field of application:
 - Building elements in which the product may be installed, type and properties of the building elements like minimum thickness, density, and in case of lightweight constructions the construction requirements.
 - Services which may penetrate the building element, type and properties of the services like material, diameter, thickness etc. in case of pipes including insulation materials; necessary/allowed supports/fixings, separations etc.
 - Design of the penetration seal(s) including limits in size, minimum thickness, separations etc. of the penetration seal(s).
 - Definition of ancillary products (e.g. backfilling material) with clear indication whether they are generic or specific.
 - Environmental conditions covered by the ETA.

Installation instruction:

- · Steps to be followed
- Procedure in case of retrofitting
- Stipulations on maintenance, repair and replacement

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 5.2 in the field of assessed products. For this purpose, the "Control plan" referred to in clause 5.1 and 5.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the notified body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of the European Technical Assessment ETA-10/404.

5.1.3 Further testing of samples taken at the factory

Testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer is not required.

5.2 Tasks of notified product certification body

The Notified Body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to clause 5.2.1 to 5.2.3, state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in written report.

These tasks shall be performed in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan of this European Technical Assessment.



5.2.1 Determination of the product type

Notified bodies undertaking tasks under Systems 1 shall consider the European Technical Assessment issued for the construction product in question as the assessment of the performance of that product. Notified bodies shall therefore not undertake the tasks referred to in point 1.2 (b)(i), in Annex V of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, unless there are changes in the manufacture or manufacturing plant. In such cases, the necessary initial type testing has to be agreed between the Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and notified product certification body involved.

5.2.2 Initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control

The notified product certification body shall ascertain that, in accordance with the control plan, the manufacturing plant, in particular personnel and equipment, and the factory production control are suitable to ensure a continuous and orderly manufacturing of the kit according to the specifications given in clause 2 and in the Annexes of the European Technical Assessment.

5.2.3 Continuous surveillance, assessment and evaluation of factory production control

The notified product certification body shall visit the factory at least twice a year for surveillance of the manufacturer.

It has to be verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing process are maintained taking into account the control plan.

Continuous surveillance and assessment of factory production control have to be performed according to the control plan.

The results of continuous surveillance shall be made available on demand by the notified product certification body or the Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and the control plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate of constancy of performance shall be withdrawn.

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Managing Director



ANNEX 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT AND ANCILLARY PRODUCT(S)

1.1 Product

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P

The housing of the collar consists of electrolytic galvanized steel, the inlay consists of one or more intumescent strips. A detailed specification of the product is contained in document "Identification / Product Specification relating to ETA-10/0404 Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P" which is a non-public part of this ETA.

The Control Plan is defined in document "Control Plan of 29.03.2011 relating to ETA-10/0404 - Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P" which is a non-public part of this ETA.

Technical product literature:

 Technical Data Sheet Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P (including the use of ancillary products according to Annex 1.2).

1.2 Ancillary products

1.2.1 Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR

A detailed specification of the product is contained in document "Identification / Product Specification and Control Plan of 19.05.2010 relating to ETA-10/0292 and ETA-10/0389 - Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR" which is a non-public part of the referenced ETAs.

1.2.2 Gypsum plaster

Any gypsum plaster suitable for use with flexible wall constructions or the intended type of rigid walls or floors may be used.

1.2.3 Cementitious mortar

Any cementitious mortar suitable for use with the intended type of rigid walls or floors may be used.

1.2.4 Mineral wool

Loose mineral wool products suitable for being used as backfilling material of Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR

Product	Manufacturer	Specification
Heralan LS	Knauf Insulation GmbH	Product data sheet of Knauf
Isover loose wool SL	Saint-Gobain ISOVER	Product data sheet of Isover
Isover Universal-Stopfwolle	Saint-Gobain ISOVER	Product data sheet of Isover
Rockwool RL	Rockwool	Product data sheet of Rockwool
Paroc Pro Loose Wool	Paroc OY AB	Product data sheet of Paroc

1.2.5 Suitable insulation product – reaction to fire

Combustible insulation (closed cell flexible elastomeric foam, e.g. AF/Armaflex)	minimum B-s3, d0 (acc. to EN 13501-1)
Combustible insulation for sound decoupling (elastomeric foam, e.g. PE)	minimum E (acc. to EN 13501-1)



ANNEX 2

RESISTANCE TO FIRE CLASSIFICATION OF PENETRATION SEALS MADE OF HILTI FIRESTOP COLLAR CFS-C P

Intended use of pipes³ and reference to relevant section

	1			see section				
Application	Pipe material	Manufacturer, product	Insulation	Flexible and rigid wall ≥ 100 mm	Rigid wall ≥ 150 mm	Rigid floor ≥ 550 kg/m³	Rigid floor ≥ 2400 kg/m³	
		Geberit Mepla	-	-	-	2.4.2.1.1	2.3.2.1.1	
	Al-	Оерент меріа	CS	2.1.2.1	2.1.2.1	2.4.2.1.2	2.3.2.1.2	
Heating	Composite	KeKelit KELOX KM 110	CS	2.1.2.2	2.1.2.2	2.4.2.2	2.3.2.2	
		Rehau Rautitan stabil	CS	2.1.2.3	2.1.2.3	2.4.2.3	2.3.2.3	
	PE-X	Rehau Rautitan flex	CS	2.1.3.5	2.1.3.5	2.4.3.3	2.3.3.5	
		Geberit Mepla	-	2	r -	2.4.2.1.1	2.3.2.1.1	
	Al-	Coponic Mopile	CS	2.1.2.1	2.1.2.1	2.4.2.1.2	2.3.2.1.2	
	Composite	KeKelit KELOX KM 110	CS	2.1.2.2	2.1.2.2	2.4.2.2	2.3.2.2	
		Rehau Rautitan stabil	CS	2.1.2.3	2.1.2.3	2.4.2.3	2.3.2.3	
	PE	EN 12201-2	-	2.1.3.1	2.1.3.1, 2.2.1	-	2.3.3.1	
	PE-HD 100	Wavin TS	-	2.1.3.4.1	2.1.3.4.1	-	2.3.3.4.1	
Potable	RC	Traviii 10	CS/LS	2.1.3.4.2	2.1.3.4.2	_	2.3.3.4.2	
water	PE-X	Rehau Rautitan flex	CS	2.1.3.5	2.1.3.5	2.4.3.3.1	2.3.3.5	
		EN ISO 15874, DIN 8077/8078	-	2.1.4.1.1, 2.1.4.1.2	2.1.4.1.1,2.1. 4.1.2	2.4.4.1.1, 2.4.4.1.2	2.3.4.1.1, 2.3.4.1.2	
	PP	(e.g. Aquatherm green Aquatherm green faserverbund	CS/LS CS/LS CS/LS	2.1.4.1.3 2.1.4.3 2.1.4.4	2.1.4.1.3 2.1.4.3 2.1.4.4	2.4.4.1.3	2.3.4.1.3 2.3.4.1	
	PVC-C	Friatherm starr	CS/LS	2.1.5.2	2.1.5.2	-	2.3.5.3	
Refrige- ration	ABS	+GF+ COOL-FIT	cs	2.1.1	(-	2.4.1	2.3.1	
	PE	EN 1519, EN 12666-1	-	2.1.3.1.1	2.1.3.1, 2.2.1	-	2.3.3.1	
			CI/CS	2.1.3.1.2 2.1.3.1.3				
	PE-HD 1000	Wavin TS	=	2.1.3.4.1	2.1.3.4.1	2.4.3.2	2.3.3.4.1	
	RC		CS/LS	2.1.3.4.2	2.1.3.4.2	-	2.3.3.4.2	
	PE-S2	Geberit Silent db20	-	2.1.3.3	2.1.3.3	2.4.4.5	2.3.3.3	
	The state of	EN 1451-1	-	2.1.4.5	2.1.4.5	-	2.3.4.2	
	a and 10° 0	Aquathermblue Aquatherm blue faserverbund		2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	- 11=2 1	2.3.4.1	
Naste water Roof	ATTAINS A SE	Magnaplast Skolan dB	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	-	2.3.4.3	
Drainage	Tay To a USATI	Pipelife Master 3	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	2.4.4.2	2.3.4.1	
	PP	Poloplast Polo Kal NG	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1, 2.2.4	2.4.4.3	2.3.4.1	
		Poloplast Polo Kal 3S	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	2.4.4.4	2.3.4.1	
		Rehau Raupiano Plus	<i>∞</i>	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1 , 2.2.4	-	2.3.4.4	
		Wavin AS/KeKelit "Phonex AS"	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1, 2.2.4	-	2.3.4.5	
		Wavin SiTech	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	-	2.3.4.6	
	PVC-C	EN 1566-1	-	2.1.5.1	2.1.5.1	2.4.5.1	2.3.5.1	
	PVC-U	EN ISO 1452, EN 1329-1, EN 1453-1	-	2.1.5.1	2.1.5.1	2.4.5.1	2.3.5.1	

³ According to technical literature of pipe manufacturers



				see section			
Application	Pipe material	Manufacturer, product	Insulation	Flexible and rigid wall ≥ 100 mm	Rigid wall ≥ 150 mm	Rigid floor ≥ 550 kg/m³	Rigid floor ≥ 2400 kg/m³
	Al-composite	Geberit Mepla	-	-	-	2.4.2.1	2.3.2.1.1
Pneumatic PP	PP	DIN 8077/8078	-	2.1.4.1.1, 2.1.4.1.2	2.1.4.1.1, 2.1.4.1.2	2.4.4.1	2.3.4.1.1
Sprinkler	PP-R Aquatherm red		-	2.1.4.1.1, 2.1.4.1.2	2.1.4.1.1, 2.1.4.1.2	2.4.4.1	2.3.4.1
7	Al- Composite		-	2.1.2	2.1.2	2.4.2	2.3.2
	PE	EN ISO 15494, DIN 8074/8075	14	2.1.3.2	2.1.3.2, 2.2.2	2.4.3.1	2.3.3.2
		DIN 8077/8078	2 -1	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	2.4.4.1	2.3.4.1
Industry	PP	Aquatherm blue Aquatherm blue faserverbund	-	2.1.4.1	2.1.4.1	2.4.4.1	2.3.4.1
	PVC-U	EN ISO 15493, DIN 8061/8062	/ -	2.1.5.1	2.1.5.1, 2.2.3	2.4.5.1	2.3.5.1



2.1 Flexible and rigid walls, minimum wall thickness 100 mm

Flexible walls:

The wall must have a minimum thickness of 100 mm and comprise timber or steel studs lined on both faces with minimum 2 layers of 12,5 mm thick boards. For timber stud walls there must be a minimum distance of 100 mm of the seal to any stud and the cavity between stud and seal must be closed and minimum 100 mm insulation of Class A1 or A2 (in accordance with EN 13501-1) in the cavity between stud and seal.

Rigid walls:

The wall must have a minimum thickness of 100 mm and minimum density of 450 kg/m³ and comprise concrete, aerated concrete or masonry.

Penetration seal:

Single penetration;

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P (A₁) on both sides.

Annular gap filled with:

Flexible walls:

Gypsum plaster (A₃) over the entire thickness of the wall or

Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (A_2) on both sides with a depth of minimum 25 mm from the surface of the wall.

Rigid walls:

Gypsum plaster (A₃) or cementitious mortar over the entire thickness of the wall or

Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (A₂) on both sides with a depth of minimum 15 mm from the surface of the wall. The sealant may be backfilled with mineral wool.

Width of annular gap: The opening diameter should not be larger than the collar outside diameter to allow a safe fixing of the collar to the wall.

Distance between penetrations:

Minimum distance between collars / annular gap (s₁):

Non-insulated pipes: 0 mm Insulated pipes: 0 mm

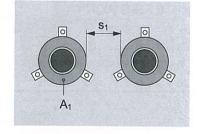
Collars to be fixed with hooks (F) and threaded rods M8 through the wall and nuts on both sides of the wall. In high density rigid walls alternatively metal anchors with minimum \emptyset 8 mm may be used.

For minimum number of hooks see 1.1.

Pipes shall be supported at maximum 300 mm away from both faces of wall constructions.

Sound decoupling: Sound decoupling strips (C₁) based on combustible insulation (elastomeric foam, e.g. PE) minimum E (acc. to EN 13501-1), used in combination with gypsum plaster or mortar as gap filler. Sound decoupling installed around the pipe within the wall. For maximum thickness see tables below.

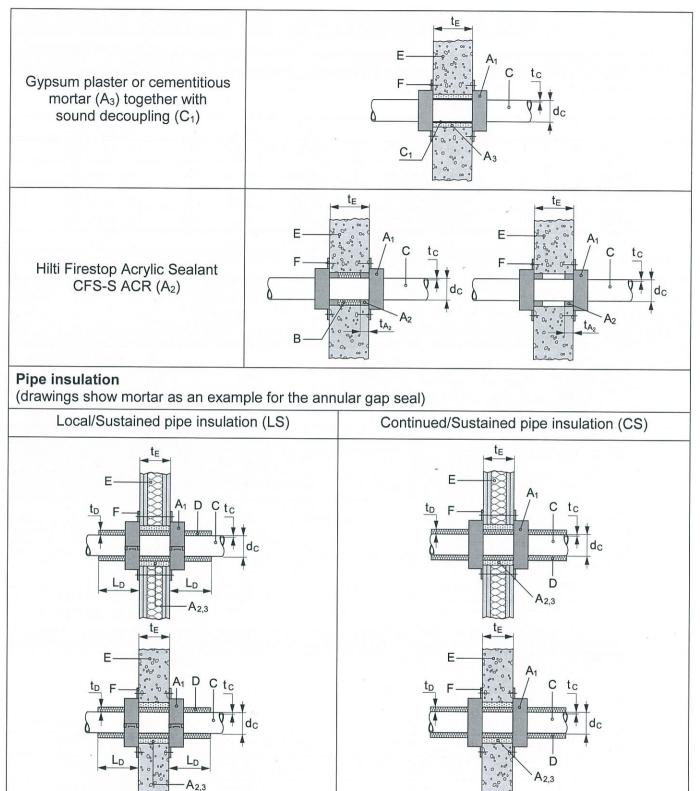
Pipe insulation: Combustible insulation (closed cell flexible elastomeric foam, e.g. AF/Armaflex), reaction to fire minimum B-s3, d0 (acc. to EN 13501-1) installed in wall application. For maximum thickness see tables below.





Annular gap seal (drawings show non-insulated pipes as example)	
Gypsum plaster (A₃)	E A ₁ C t _c F A ₃
Gypsum plaster (A ₃) together with sound decoupling (C ₁)	E A1 C tc F A3
Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (A ₂)	E A ₁ C t _c F d _c
Gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar (A₃)	E A1 C tc F dc A3







2.1.1 ABS pipes +GF+ "COOL-FIT" (ABS/PUR insulation/PE-HD)						
Pipe diameter d₀ (mm)	Inner pipe diameter (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification			
90	32	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C			
110	40	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C			
110	50	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C			
160	90	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/C			
180	110	CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 120-U/C			
225	140	CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 120-U/C			
250	160	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 60-U/C			

Geberit "Mepla" pipes (PE-Xb/Al/PE-HD) 2.1.2.1

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t₅ (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
16	2,0	11,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
20	2,5	11,5 - 13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
26	3,0	11,5 - 13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
32	3,0	13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
40	3,5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
50	4,0	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
63	4,5	10	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 60-U/C
75	4,7	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 90-U/C

2.1.2.2 KeKelit "KELOX KM 110" pipes (PE-X/AI/PE-X)

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
16	2,0	11,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
20	2,25	11,5 - 13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
25	2,5	11,5 - 13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
32	3,0	13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
32	3,0	9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/C
40	4,0	9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/C
50	4,5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 90-U/C
63	6,0	10	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 90-U/C



Combustible insula	tion (D) - arrang	gement CS		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
16	2,6	11,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
20	2,9	11,5 - 13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
25	3.7	11,5 - 13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
32	4.7	13	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
40	6,0	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C

2.1.3 PE pipes				
2.1.3.1 PE pipes	according to	EN 1519-1 ⁴		
2.1.3.1.1 Without in	nsulation			
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	1.50	thickness t _c mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50		3,0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
63		3,0	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75		3,0	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90		3,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U
110		4,2	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U
125		4,8	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/U
160		6,2	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/U
Maximum thickness of	sound decoupling:	5 mm		
The results of 2.1.2.2 a	re also valid for PE	pipes according to	EN 12201-2 and EN 12666-1.	
2.1.3.1.2 Combust	ible insulation (D) – arrangeme	ent CI	
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
110	4,2	10	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 90-U/U
2.1.3.1.3 Combust	ible insulation (D) arrangama	nt CC	
1.5	Pipe wall	Insulation	III CS	
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	thickness t _c (mm)	thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
110	4,2	25	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 90-U/U

In Germany the pipes have additionally to comply with DIN 19535-10.



Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50	2,9 – 4,6	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
63	1,8 – 5,8	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 90-U/U
63	3,6 – 5,8	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75	1,9 – 6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90	2,2 - 8,2	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U
110	2,7 - 10,0	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U
125	3,1 – 7,1	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/U
160	4,0 - 9,1	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/U

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
56	3,2	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
63	3,2	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75	3,6	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90	5,6	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U
110 6,0		CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U
Maximum thickness of sou	nd decoupling: 9 mm		
2.3.3.1 Pipe end	configuration C/U		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
135 6,0		CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-C/U
160 7,0		CFS-C P 160/6""	EI 120-C/U

2.1.3.4 Wavin "TS"	' pipes (PE-HD 100 RC)				
2.1.3.4.1 Without in	sulation				
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
50	4,6	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U		
75	6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U		
90	8,2	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U		
110 10,0 CFS-C P 110/4" EI 120-U/U					
Maximum thickness of sou	ind decoupling: 9 mm				



stible insulation	(D) - arrangeme	ent LS (length of insulation L	_D ≥ 250 mm) or CS
Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _□ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
4,6	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
5,8	10	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
6,8	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
8,2	10	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C
10,0	10	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/C
	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 4,6 5,8 6,8 8,2	$ \begin{array}{c c} \text{Pipe wall} \\ \text{thickness } t_c \\ \text{(mm)} \\ \hline 4,6 \\ 5,8 \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline 6,8 \\ 8,2 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Insulation} \\ \text{thickness } t_D \\ \text{(mm)} \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline \end{array} $	thickness t _c (mm) thickness t _D (mm) Collar size (A ₁) 4,6 9 CFS-C P 63/2" 5,8 10 CFS-C P 75/2.5" 6,8 10 CFS-C P 90/3" 8,2 10 CFS-C P 110/4"

2.1.3.5 PE-X pipes

2.1.3.5.1 Rehau "Rautitan flex" pipes (PE-Xa)

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation $L_D \ge 250$ mm) or CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t₅ (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	5,5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
50	6,9	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
63	8,6	10	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C

2.1.4 PP pipes

2.1.4.1 PP pipes according to EN ISO 158745 and/or DIN 8077/8078

(e.g. Aquatherm blue, Aquatherm blue Faserverbundrohr, Aquatherm red, Aquatherm green, Aquatherm green, Faserverbundrohr, +GF+ PROGEF Standard pipe, +GF+ Dekaprop Industry pipe)

2.1.4.1.1 Without insulation – pipe end configuration U/U

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50	1,8 - 2,9	- 2,9 CFS-C P 50/1.5"	
63	1,8 - 5,8	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 60-U/U
75	1,9 – 6,8	CFS-C P 75/2,5"	EI 60-U/U
75	6,8 - 12,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120 U/U
90	8,2 - 15,0	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120 U/U
110	2,7	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120 U/U

2.1.4.1.2 Without insulation – pipe end configuration U/C

50	4,6 - 8,3	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/C	
63	5,8 - 10,5	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 60-U/C	
63 10,5		CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120 U/C	
75 1,9- 6,8		CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 60 U/C	
75	6,8 - 12,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120 U/C	
Maximum thickness	of sound decoupling: 9 mm	8,9 - 8,2		

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm

Not all listed wall thicknesses may be available for pipes according to EN ISO 15874



2.1.4.1.3 Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation LD ≥ 250 mm) or CS					
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification	
40	3,7 - 5,5	9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120 U/C	
50	4,6 - 6,9	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120 U/C	
75	6,8 - 10,3	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120 U/C	
90	10,0 - 15,1	22,5	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120 U/C	

2.1.4.3 Aquatherm "green " pipes with insulation							
Pipe series SDR 1	Pipe series SDR 11; Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of ins. L _D ≥ 250 mm) or CS						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
40	3,7	9 /	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C			
50	4,6	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C			
75	6,8	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C			
110	10,0	10	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/C			

2.1.4.4 Aquatherm "green Faserverbundrohr" pipes with insulation							
Combustible insula	Combustible insulation (D) – arrangement LS (length of insulation L _D ≥ 250 mm) or CS						
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification			
40	5,5	9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C			
50	6,9	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C			
75	10,3	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C			
110	15,1	10	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/C			

2.1.4.5 PP pipes according to EN 1451-1

(e.g. **Ostendorf** "Skolan-dB", "Phonex AS", Pipelife "Master 3", POLOPLAST "Polo Kal NG", POLOPLAST "Polo Kal 3S", Rehau "Raupiano Plus", Wavin "AS" /KeKelit "Phonex AS", Wavin "SiTech", Cloes "Blue Power", Cloes "PhoNoFire", Valsire "Triplus", Valsire "Silere", Marley "Silent", "Geberit Silent PP")

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification	
32	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U	
40	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U	
50	1,8 - 2,0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U	
56	4,0	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 90-U/UC	
70	4,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U	
75	1,8 - 3,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U	
90	2,8 - 4,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U	
110	2,7 - 5,3	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120 U/U	
Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm				

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm



2.1.5 PVC pipes

2.1.5.1 PVC-U pipes according to EN ISO 15493, EN ISO 1452 and DIN 8061/8062

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50	2,4 - 5,6	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
63	3,0 – 4,7	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75	2,2 – 3,6	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90	2,7 – 4,3	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U
110	2,2 - 8,1	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U
125	3,7 – 6,0	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/U
160	2,5 – 11,8	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/U

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 5 mm

The results of 2.1.5.1 are also valid for PVC-C pipes according to EN 1566-1⁶ and PVC-U pipes according to EN 1329-1⁷ and EN 1453-1⁷.

2.1.5.2 Friatec Friatherm-starr pipes (PVC-C)

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation $L_D \ge 200$ mm) or CS				
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
32	3,6	9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
40	4,5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/C
50	5,6	9	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
63	7,1	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C

In Germany the pipes have additionally to comply with DIN 19531-10

⁶ It is recommended only to use gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar as annular gap seal for PVC-C pipes together with sound decoupling according to Annex 1.2.5



2.2 Rigid walls, minimum wall thickness 150 mm

The wall must have a minimum thickness of 150 mm and a minimum density of 650 kg/m³ and comprise concrete, aerated concrete or masonry.

Penetration seal:

Single penetration;

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P (A₁) on both sides.

Annular gap filled either with gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar (A₃) over the entire thickness of the wall or with Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (A₂) with a depth of minimum 15 mm from the surface of the wall. The sealant may be backfilled with mineral wool.

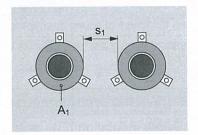
Width of annular gap: The opening diameter should not be larger than the collar outside diameter to allow a safe fixing of the collar to the wall except stated otherwise in the table below.

Distance between penetrations:

Minimum distance between collars / annular gap edge (s1):

Non insulated pipes: 0 mm Insulated pipes: 0 mm

Collars to be fixed with hooks (F) and M8 metal anchors. In high density rigid walls alternatively metal anchors with minimum Ø 8 mm may be used. For minimum number of hooks see 1.1.



Sound decoupling: Sound decoupling strips (C₁) based on combustible insulation (elastomeric foam, e.g. PE) minimum E (acc. to EN 13501-1), used in combination with gypsum plaster or mortar as gap filler. Sound decoupling installed around the pipe within the wall. For maximum thickness see tables below.

For further construction details see 2.1.

Penetrating	services

2.2.1 PE pipes according to EN 1519-18					
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
200	6,2	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120 U/U		
250	7,8	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120 U/U		

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 5 mm

The results of 2.2.1 are also valid for PE pipes according to EN 12201-2 and EN 12666-1.

2.2.2 PE pipes according to EN ISO 15494 and DIN 8074/8075

Distance between pipe and seal edge in wall (width of annular gap): ≤ 17,5 mm

2.2.2.1 Pipe end configuration U/U

2.2.2.1 Pipe end configuration 0/0				
Pipe diameter d₀ (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification	
180	4,4 – 16,4	CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 120-U/U	
200	4,9 – 11,4	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120-U/U	
200	11,4	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 180-U/U	
225	5,5 - 12,8	CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 180-U/U	
250	6,2 – 14,2	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 180-U/U	

In Germany the pipes have additionally to comply with DIN 19535-10.



2.2.2.2 Pipe end cor	figuration U/C		
50	2,9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C
250	7,8	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 180-U/C
250	7,8 – 22,7	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-U/C
Maximum thickness of	sound decoupling: 5 mm		

F703 17340					
2.2	2 DVC II	minoo ooooudina	- 4- EN ICO 4E402	, EN ISO 1452 and	DINI ODCA/ODCO
4.4	.o PVC-U	onces according	110 FN 15U 15495	EN 150 1437 and	DIN AUDI/AUD/
7 A. S. A. S		pipod addoranie	1 10 -11 100 10 100		D111 000 170002

Distance between pipe and seal edge in floor (width of annular gap): ≤ 17,5 mm

2.2.3.1 Pipe end configuration U/U

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
180	3,6 - 8,6	CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 180 U/U
200	4,0 - 9,6	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 180 U/U
225	4,5 – 10,8	CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 180 U/U
250	4,9 – 11,9	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 180 U/U

2.2.3.2 Pipe end configuration U/C

50	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C
250	4,9 – 11,9	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 180-U/C

The results of 2.2.3 are also valid for PVC-C pipes according to EN 1566-1⁶ and PVC-U pipes according to EN 1329-1⁷ and EN 1453-1⁷.

2.2.4 PP pipes according to EN 1451-1 and DIN EN 12056

(e.g. Ostendorf "Skolan-dB", "Phonex AS", Pipelife "Master 3", POLOPLAST "Polo Kal NG", POLOPLAST "Polo Kal 3S", Rehau "Raupiano Plus", Wavin "AS" /KeKelit "Phonex AS", Wavin "SiTech", Cloes "Blue Power", Cloes "PhoNoFire", Valsire "Triplus", Valsire "Silere", Marley "Silent", "Geberit Silent PP")

Distance between pipe and seal edge in wall (width of annular gap): ≤ 30 mm

Ì	Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
İ	200	6,2 - 6,8	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120-C/U
	250	8,6	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-C/U

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm

2.3 Rigid floor, minimum density of 2400 kg/m³

The floor must have a minimum thickness of 150 mm and comprise concrete with a minimum density of 2400 kg/m³.

Penetration seal:

Single penetration;

Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P (A₁) on the underside of the floor.

Annular gap filled either with gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar (A₃) over the entire thickness of the floor or with mineral wool of minimum density 60 kg/m³ covered by Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (A₂) on top side (or on both sides) with a depth of minimum 10 mm.

Width of annular gap:

Classifications El 120 and lower (opening diameter up to 300 mm), classification El 180 (opening diameter up to 260 mm): The opening diameter should not be larger than the collar outside diameter to allow a safe fixing of the collar to the floor.

Classification El 180 (opening diameter > 260 mm): see in tables below.

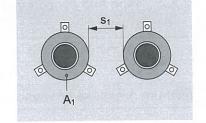


Distance between penetrations:

Minimum distance between collars / annular gap edge (s1):

Non-insulated pipes: 0 mm Insulated pipes: 0 mm

Collars to be fixed with hooks and metal anchors with minimum \varnothing 6 mm (up to collar size 110/4") and minimum \varnothing 10 mm (from collar size 125/5" to 250/10"). For minimum number of hooks see 1.1.



Pipes shall be supported at maximum 200 mm (pipes according to 2.3.1), at maximum 300 mm (all others) away from the upper face of the floor construction.

Sound decoupling: Sound decoupling strips (C₁) based on combustible insulation (elastomeric foam, e.g. PE) minimum E (acc. to EN 13501-1), used in combination with gypsum plaster or mortar as gap filler. Sound decoupling installed around the pipe within the floor. For maximum thickness see tables below.

Pipe insulation: Combustible insulation (closed cell flexible elastomeric foam, e.g. AF/Armaflex), reaction to fire minimum B-s3, d0 (acc. to EN 13501-1) installed in floor application. For maximum thickness see tables below.

nickness see labies below.	
Annular gap seal (drawings show non-insulated pipes as example)	
Gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar (A₃)	E A ₃ The state of the state
Cementitious mortar (A ₃) together with sound decoupling (C ₁)	E A ₃ C ₁ t _E
Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR (A ₂)	E B A2 A2 A1 tA2 A2 A



Pipe insulation (drawings show mortar as an example for the annular gap seal) Local/Sustained pipe insulation (LS) Continued/Sustained pipe insulation (CS)

Penetrating services					
2.3.1 ABS pipes +GF+ "COOL-FIT" (ABS/PUR insulation/PE-HD)					
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Inner pipe diameter (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
90	32	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C		
110	40	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C		
110	50	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C		
160	90	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/C		
180	110	CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 60-U/C		
225	140	CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 120-U/C		
250	160	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-U/C		

2.3.2 Al-composite	e pipes				
2.3.2.1 Geberit "Mepla" pipes (PE-Xb/Al/PE-HD)					
2.3.2.1.1 Without in	sulation				
Pipe diameter d₀ (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
40	3.5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/C		
50	4.0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C		
63	4.5	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 60-U/C		
75	4.7	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 30-U/C		
110	6,0	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 180-U/C		
Maximum thickness of	f sound decoupling: 9 mm	*			



Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	ent LS (length of insulation LD Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	3.5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
50	4.0	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
63	4.5	9	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C
75	4.7	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/C
40	3.5	9 - 20,5	CFS-C P 63/2" - 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	4.0	9 - 21	CFS-C P 63/2" - 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
63	4.5	9 - 21,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 110/4"	EI 120-U/C
75	4.7	10 - 22	CFS-C P 90/3" - 125/5"	EI 120-U/C
Combustible insula	etion (D) - arrang Pipe wall	Insulation		
Combustible insula Pipe diameter d₀ (mm)			Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
Pipe diameter d _c	Pipe wall thickness t₀	Insulation thickness t _D	Collar size (A ₁) CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness to (mm)		EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0	Insulation thickness to (mm)	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0	Insulation thickness to (mm)	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 9 10	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 9 10	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arrangements	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 9 10 gement CS	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arrang	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 10 gement CS 9 – 19,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula 32 40	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arranged 3.0 4.0	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 10 gement CS 9 – 19,5 9 – 20,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula 32 40 50 63	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arranged 3.0 4.5 6.0	Insulation thickness t_D (mm) 9 9 10 gement CS 9 - 19,5 9 - 20,5 9 - 21 10 - 21,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 63/2" - 90/3" CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 110/4"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula 32 40 50 63	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arranged 3.0 4.5 6.0	Insulation thickness t_D (mm) 9 9 10 gement CS 9 - 19,5 9 - 20,5 9 - 21 10 - 21,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 63/2" - 90/3"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arranged 4.5 6.0 4.5 6.0 4.5 6.0 4.5	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 10 gement CS 9 - 19,5 9 - 20,5 9 - 21 10 - 21,5 gement LS (len	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 63/2" - 90/3" CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 110/4" gth of insulation $L_D \ge 250$ mm	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C O EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C
Pipe diameter d _c (mm) 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula 32 40 50 63 Combustible insula 32	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm) 3.0 4.0 4.5 6.0 ation (D) - arranged 4.5	Insulation thickness to (mm) 9 9 10 gement CS 9 - 19,5 9 - 20,5 9 - 21 10 - 21,5 gement LS (lendal)	CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5" CFS-C P 63/2" CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 50/1.5"- 75/2.5" CFS-C P 63/2" - 90/3" CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 110/4" gth of insulation $L_D \ge 250$ mm CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 180-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C O EI 120-U/C

2.3.2.3 Rehau "F	Rautitan stabil"	pipes (PE-Xb/	/AI/PE-HD)	
			th of insulation L _D ≥ 250 mm	or CS
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t₀ (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	6,0	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
40	6,0	9 - 20,5	CFS-C P 63/2" - 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C

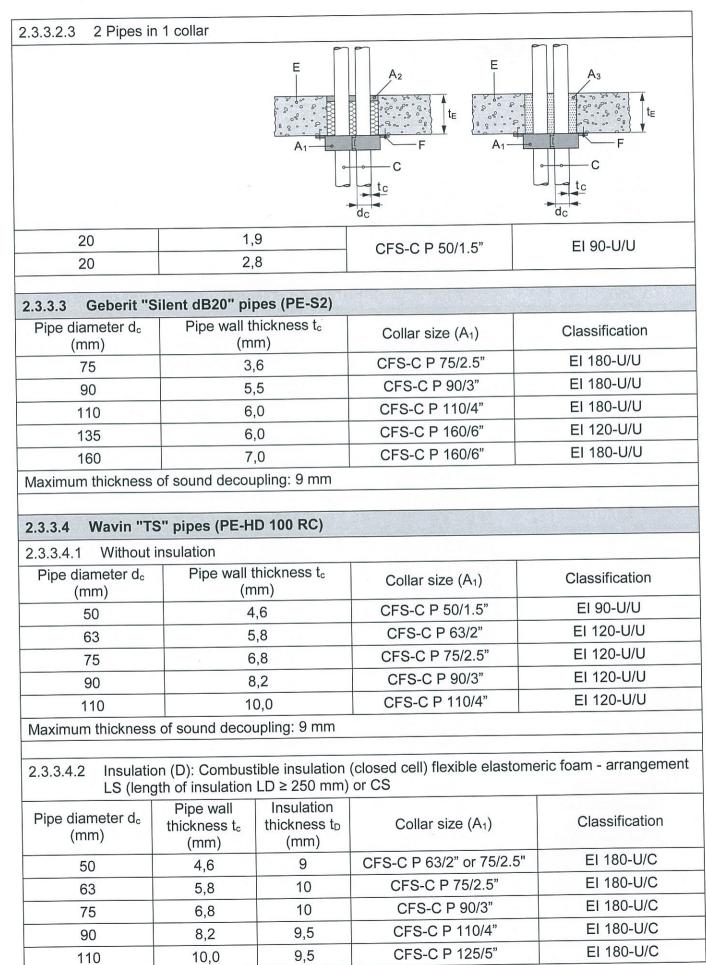


2.3.3.1 PE pipes acc	cording to EN 1519-14		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50	3,0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
63	3,0	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75	3,0	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90	3,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U
110	4,2	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U
125	4,8	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/U
160	6,2	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/U
200	6,2	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120-U/U
250	7,7	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-U/U
Maximum thickness of sou	nd decoupling: 5 mm		
The results of 2.3.3.3 are a	also valid for PE pipes according to	EN 12201-2 and EN 12666-1.	
2.3.3.2 PE pipes a	ccording to EN ISO 15494 a	and DIN 8074/8075	
2.3.3.2.1 Pipe end	configuration U/U		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
20 *)	1,9 – 2,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
20 - 50	1,9 / 2,9 - 2,8 / 4,69	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
50	2,9 – 4,6	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
63	1,8 – 5,8	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75	1,9 – 6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90	2,2 - 8,2	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U
110	2,7 - 10,0	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U
125	3,1 – 7,1	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/U
160	4,0 - 9,1	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/U
22222 Ding and	configuration U/C		
2.3.3.2.2 Pipe end		CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 120-U/C
180	4,4 – 16,4	01 0-0 1 100/1	LI 120-0/C
•	4,4 - 16,4 4,9 - 11,4	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120-U/C
180			
180 200	4,9 – 11,4	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120-U/C
180 200 225 250	4,9 - 11,4 5,5 - 12,8 6,2 - 22,7	CFS-C P 200/8" CFS-C P 225/9" CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C
180 200 225	4,9 – 11,4 5,5 – 12,8	CFS-C P 200/8" CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 120-U/C EI 120-U/C

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 5 mm, for pipes indicated with *): 9 mm

Interpolation of minimum wall thickness between 1,9 mm for diameter 20 mm and 2,9 mm for diameter 50 mm, interpolation of maximum wall thickness between 2,8 mm for diameter 20 mm and 4,6 mm for diameter 50 mm for pipe diameters in between.







2.3.3.5 PE-X pipes

2.3.3.5.1 Rehau "Rautitan flex" pipes (PE-Xa)

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation L_D ≥ 250 mm) or CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	6,0	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
50	6,9	9	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C
63	8,6	9	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/C
40	6,0	9 - 20,5	CFS-C P 63/2" - 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	6,9	9 - 21	CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
63	8,6	9 - 21,5	CFS-C P 90/3" - 110/4"	EI 120-U/C

2.3.4 PP pipes

2.3.4.1 PP pipes according to EN ISO 15874¹⁰ and/or DIN 8077/8078

(e.g. Aquatherm blue, Aquatherm blue, Faserverbundrohr, Aquatherm red, Aquathermgreen, Aquatherm green Faserverbundrohr, +GF+ PROGEF Standard pipe, +GF+ Dekaprop Industry pipe)

2.3.4.1.1 Without insulation - pipe end configuration U/U

Pipe diameter d₀ (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
20	1,9 - 3,4	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
50	1,8 - 2,9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/U
63	1,8 - 5,8	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/U
75	1,9 - 6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/U
90	2,2 - 8,2	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/U
110	2,7	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 180-U/U
125	3,1	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 180-U/U

40	3,7 - 5,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	4,6 - 8,3	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C
63	5.8 - 10,5	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
75	6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C
75	6,8 - 12,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
90	8,2	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/C
90	8,2 - 15,0	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
110	10,0 - 15,1	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C

Not all listed wall thicknesses may be available for pipes according to EN ISO 15874



2.3.4.1.3 Combu	stible insulation	(D) – arrangen	nent LS (length of insulation L	D ≥ 250 mm) or CS
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	3,7 - 5,5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
50	4,6 - 6,9	9	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C
75	6,8 - 10,3	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/C
90	12,3	22,5	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/C
110	10,0 - 15,1	10	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 180-U/C

2.3.4.2 PP pipes according to EN 1451-1

(e.g. Magnaplast "Skolan-dB", "Phonex AS", Pipelife "Master 3", POLOPLAST "Polo Kal NG", POLOPLAST "Polo Kal 3S", Rehau "Raupiano Plus", Wavin "AS"/KeKelit "Phonex AS", Wavin "SiTech") Cloes "Blue Power", Cloes "PhoNoFire", Valsire "Triplus", Valsire "Silere", "Geberit Silent PP")

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)		Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
32	1,2 - 1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
40	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
50	1,8 - 2,0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
58	4,0	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 90-U/U
75	1,9 - 4,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 90-U/U
78	4,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 90-U/U
90	2,8 - 4,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 90-U/U
110	2,7 - 5,3	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 90-U/U
125	3,9 - 5,3	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 90-U/U
135	5,3	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 90-U/U
160	4,9 – 5,3	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 90-U/U
Maximum thickness of	of sound decoupling: 9 mm		

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
58	4,0	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/U
78	4,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/U
90	4,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/U
110	5,3	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 180-U/U
135	5,3	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 180-U/U
160	5,3	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 180-U/U



Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/U
75	1,9	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/U
110	2,7	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 180-U/U
Maximum thickness of	of sound decoupling: 9 mm		
2.3.4.5 Wavin "AS	" /KeKelit "Phonex AS" pip	es	
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
70	4,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/U
90	4,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/U
125	5,3	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 180-U/U
160	5,3	CFS-C P 160/6" EI 180-U	
Maximum thickness of	of sound decoupling: 9 mm		
	Tech" pipes		
Pipe diameter d _c	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
(mm)		050 0 D 75/0 5"	EI 180-U/U
75	2,3	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 160-0/0
	2,3 2,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5" CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/U
75			The state of the s



2.3.5 PVC pipes

2.3.5.1 PVC-U pipes according to EN ISO 15493, EN ISO 1452 and DIN 8061/8062

2.3.5.1.1 Pipe end configuration U/U

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t₅ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification	
20 *)	1,5 – 2,2	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U	
20 - 50	1,5/2,4 - 2,2/5,6 ¹¹	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U	
50	2,4-5,6	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U	
63	3,0 – 4,7	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U	
75	2,2 - 3,6	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U	
90	2,7 – 4,3	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U	
110	1,8 – 8,1	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/U	
125	3,7 - 6,0	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/U	
160	2,5 – 11,8	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/U	
180	3,6 - 8,6	CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 120-U/U	
200	4,0 - 9,6	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 120-U/U	
225	4,5 – 10,8	CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 120-U/U	
250	4,9 – 11,9	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-U/U	

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 5 mm, for pipes indicated with *): 9 mm

2.3.5.1.2 Pipe end configuration U/C

		the state of the s	
50	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C
250	4.0 – 11.9	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 180-U/C

The results of 2.3.5.1 are also valid for PVC-C pipes according to EN 1566-1⁶ and PVC-U pipes according to EN 1329-1⁷ and EN 1453-1⁷.

2.3.5.2 PVC-C pipes according to EN 1566-1

See 2.3.5.1

2.3.5.3 Friatec Friatherm-starr pipes (PVC-C)

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation $L_D \ge 200$ mm) or CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
32	3,6	9	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 180-U/C
40	4,5	9	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/C
50	5,6	9	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 180-U/C
63	7,1	10	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 180-U/C

Interpolation of minimum wall thickness between 1,5 mm for diameter 20 mm and 2,4 mm for diameter 50 mm, interpolation of maximum wall thickness between 2,2 mm for diameter 20 mm and 5,6 mm for diameter 50 mm for pipe diameters in between.



2.4 Rigid floors with a minimum density of 550 kg/m³

The floor must have a minimum thickness of 150 mm and comprise concrete or aerated concrete with a minimum density of 550 kg/m³.

For details of the penetration seal design see 2.3.

Pipes shall be supported at maximum 200 mm (pipes according to 2.4.1), at maximum 250 mm (all others) away from the upper face of the floor construction.

Penetrating services

.4.1 ABS pipes +GF+ "COOL-FIT"	(ABS/PUR insulation/PE-HD)
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Pipe diameter d _c	Inner pipe diameter	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
(mm)	(mm)		,
90	32	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
110	40	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C
110	50	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C
160	90	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/C
180	110	CFS-C P 180/7"	EI 60-U/C
225	140	CFS-C P 225/9"	EI 120-U/C
250	160	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 120-U/C

2.4.2 Al-composite pipes

2.4.2.1 Geberit "Mepla" pipes (PE-Xb/Al/PE-HD)

2.4.2.1.1 Without insulation

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	3.5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/C
50	4.0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
63	4.5	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 60-U/C
75	4.7	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 30-U/C

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm

2.4.2.1.2 Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation ≥ 250 mm) or CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t₅ (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	3.5	20,5	CFS-C P 63/2" - 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	4.0	21	CFS-C P 63/2" - 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
63	4.5	21,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 110/4"	EI 120-U/C
75	4.7	22	CFS-C P 90/3" - 125/5"	EI 120-U/C



Combustible insula	tion (D) - Insula	tion arrangeme	nt LS (length of insulation ≥ 2	50 mm)
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
32	3.0	19,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
40	4.0	20,5	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	4.5	21	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
63	6.0	21,5	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C
2.4.2.3 Rehau "F	Rautitan stabil'	' pipes (PE-Xb	/AI/PE-HD)	
Combustible insula	tion (D) - arrang	gement LS (leng	th of insulation ≥ 250 mm) or	CS
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t₀ (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	6,0	20,5	CFS-C P 63/2" - 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
2.4.3 PE pipes				
	according to	EN ISO 15494 :	and DIN 8074/8075	
	d configuration			
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall	thickness t _c	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
20 *)	1,9	-2,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
20 - 50	1,9 / 2,9	- 2,8 / 4,6 ¹²	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
0.4.0.4.0	in A sallan			
	in 1 collar	thickness t _c		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	nm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
20	,	1,9	050 0 B 50// 5"	E1 00 11/11
20		2,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
The results of 2.4.3.1 a	re also valid for PE	pipes according to	EN 1519	
2.4.3.2 "Wavin 1	ΓS" pipes (PE-I	HD 100 RC)		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	The second secon	thickness t _c nm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
50		4,6	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U
63		5,8	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 120-U/U
75		6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/U
90		8,2	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/U

¹² Interpolation of minimum wall thickness between 1,9 mm for diameter 20 mm and 2,9 mm for diameter 50 mm, interpolation of maximum wall thickness between 2,8 mm for diameter 20 mm and 4,6 mm for diameter 50 mm for pipe diameters in between.



2.4.3.3 PE-X pipes

2.4.3.3.1 Rehau "Rautitan flex" pipes (PE-Xa)

Combustible insulation (D) - arrangement LS (length of insulation ≥ 250 mm) or CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
40	6,0	20,5	CFS-C P 63/2" - 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	6,9	21	CFS-C P 75/2.5" - 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
63	8,6	21,5	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C

2.4.4 PP pipes

2.4.4.1 PP pipes according to EN ISO 15874 and/or DIN 8077/8078

(e.g. Aquatherm blue, Aquatherm blue Faserverbundrohr, Aquatherm red, Aquathermgreen, Aquatherm green Faserverbundrohr, +GF+ PROGEF Standard pipe, +GF+ Dekaprop Industry pipe)

2.4.4.1.1 Without insulation – pipe end configuration U/U

Pipe diameter d₅ (mm)			Classification
20	1,9 - 3,4	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U
2.4.4.1.2 Without in:	sulation – pipe end configura	ation U/C	
40	3,7 - 5,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C

40	3,7 - 5,5	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/C
50	50 4,6 - 6,9		EI 120-U/C
75	6,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 120-U/C
90	12,3	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 120-U/C
110	10,0 - 15,1	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 120-U/C

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm

2.4.4.1.3 Combustible insulation (D) foam – arrangement LS (length of ins. L_D ≥ 250 mm) or CS

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t₅ (mm)	Insulation thickness t _D (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification
90	12,3	22,5	CFS-C P 160/6"	EI 120-U/C
110	15,1	10	CFS-C P 125/5"	EI 120-U/C

2.4.4.2 Pipelife "Master 3" pipes (PP-CO/PP-MV/PP-CO)

Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification	
32	1,2	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U	
40	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U	
50	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U	
75	1,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 90-U/U	
110	1,8	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 90-U/U	

Maximum thickness of sound decoupling: 9 mm



Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
32	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U		
40	1,8	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U		
50	2,0	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 90-U/U		
75	2,6	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 90-U/U		
90	3.0	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 90-U/U		
110	3,6	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 90-U/U		
Maximum thickness o	f sound decoupling: 9 mm				
2 4 4 2 1 Without inc	ulation nine and configurat	ion C/II			
200	ulation – pipe end configurat 6,8	CFS-C P 200/8"	EI 180-C/U		
250	8,6	CFS-C P 250/10"	EI 180-C/U		
	f sound decoupling: 9 mm	1 1			
Maximum thickness o	1 Sound decoupling. 9 min				
2.4.4.4 POLOPLAS	ST "Polo Kal 3S" pipes (PP	/PP-MV/PP)			
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
75	3,8	CFS-C P 75/2.5"	EI 90-U/U		
90	4,5	CFS-C P 90/3"	EI 90-U/U		
110	4,8	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 90-U/U		
Maximum thickness o	f sound decoupling: 9 mm		^ _		
	nt dB20" pipes (PE-S2)				
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁)	Classification		
56	3,2	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/U		
63	3,2	CFS-C P 63/2"	EI 180-U/U		
110	6,0	CFS-C P 110/4"	EI 180-U/U		
Maximum thickness o	f sound decoupling: 9 mm				
2.4.5 PVC pipes					
2.4.5.1 PVC-U pipe	es according to EN ISO 154	93, EN ISO 1452 and DIN	8061/8062		
Pipe diameter d _c (mm)	Pipe wall thickness t _c (mm)	Collar size (A ₁) Classifica			
20 *)	1,5 – 2,2	CFS-C P 50/1.5"	EI 120-U/U		
/					

EN 1453-17.

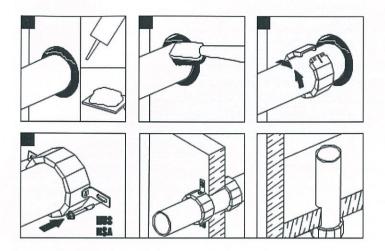
¹³ Interpolation of minimum wall thickness between 1,5 mm for diameter 20 mm and 2,4 mm for diameter 50 mm, interpolation of maximum wall thickness between 2,2 mm for diameter 20 mm and 5,6 mm for diameter 50 mm for pipe diameters in between.



ANNEX 3

INSTALLATION OF THE PRODUCT AND ANCILLARY PRODUCT(S)

The arrangement and installation of Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P shall be done in accordance with the details given below and in Annex 2 for the penetration seal(s).





ANNEX 4

ABBREVIATIONS AND REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

4.1 Abbreviations used in drawings

Abbreviation	Description
A ₁	Hilti Firestop Collar CFS-C P
A ₂	Annular gap seal with Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR
A ₃	Annular gap seal with gypsum plaster or cementitious mortar
В	Backfilling material (mineral wool)
С	Plastic Pipe
C ₁	Sound decoupling
D	Pipe insulation
dc	Pipe diameter (nominal outside diameter)
Е	Building element (wall, floor)
F	Fixing of the collar
S1	Minimum distance between single penetration seals
t _{A2}	Thickness of Hilti Firestop Acrylic Sealant CFS-S ACR
tc	Pipe wall thickness
t _D	Insulation thickness
te	Thickness of the building element
L _D	Length of Insulation

4.2 References to standards mentioned in the ETA:

ventilation services

EN 1026	Windows and doors – Air permeability – Test method							
EN 1329-1	Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U)							
EN 1366-3	Fire resistance tests for service installations - Part 3: Penetration seals							
EN 1451-1	Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Polypropylene (PP) - Part 1: Specifications for pipes, fittings and the system							
EN 1453-1	Plastics piping systems with structured-wall pipes for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) inside buildings - Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U)							
EN 1519-1	Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 1: Specifications for pipes, fittings and the system							
EN 1566-1	Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Part 1: Specifications for pipes, fittings and the system							
EN 12201-2	Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 2: Pipes							
EN 12666-1	Plastics piping systems for non-pressure underground drainage and sewerage – Polyethylene (PE) – Part 1: Specifications for pipes, fittings and the system							
EN 13501	Fire classification of construction products and building elements –							
	Part 1: Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests							
	Part 2: Classification using test data from fire resistance tests, excluding							



EN ISO 140-3	Acoustics – Measurement of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements – Part 3: Laboratory measurements of airborne sound insulation of building elements ¹⁴
EN ISO 717-1	Acoustics – Rating of sound insulation of buildings and of building elements – Part 1: Airborne sound insulation
EN ISO 1519	Paints and varnishes – Bend test (cylindrical mandrel)
EN ISO 1452	Plastics piping systems for water supply and for buried and above-ground drainage and sewerage under pressure - Unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) 15
EN ISO 15493	Plastics piping systems for industrial applications - Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS), unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) and chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Specifications for components and the system; Metric series
EN ISO 15494	Plastics piping systems for industrial applications - Polybutene (PB), polyethylene (PE) and polypropylene (PP) - Specifications for components and the system; Metric series
EN ISO 15874	Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - Polypropylene (PP)
EN ISO 20140-10	Acoustics – Measurements of sound insulation in buildings and of building elements – Part 10: Laboratory measurement of airborne sound insulation of small building elements ¹⁴
DIN 8061	Unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-U) pipes - General quality requirements and testing
DIN 8062	Unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-U) pipes - Dimensions
DIN 8074	Polyethylene (PE) - Pipes PE 80, PE 100 - Dimensions
DIN 8075	Polyethylene (PE) pipes - PE 80, PE 100 - General quality requirements, testing
DIN 8077	Polypropylene (PP) pipes - PP-H, PP-B, PP-R, PP-RCT – Dimensions
DIN 8078	Polypropylene (PP) pipes - PP-H, PP-B, PP-R, PP-RCT - General quality requirements and testing
DIN 19531-10	Pipes and fittings made of unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC-U) socket for waste and soil discharge systems inside buildings – Part 10: Fire behaviour, quality control and installation recommendations
DIN 19535-10	High-density polyethylene (PE-HD) pipes and fittings for hot-water resistant waste and soil discharge systems (HT) inside buildings – Part 10: Fire behaviour, quality control and installation recommendations

4.3 Other reference documents

EOTA TR 001	Determination of impact resistance of panels and panel assemblies								
EOTA TR 024	Characterisation,	Aspects	of	Durability	and	Factory	Production	Control	for
	Reactive Materials, Components and Products								

¹⁵ Successor of EN 1452 since December 2009

¹⁴ In September 2010 substituted by the EN ISO 10140 series